PTP and White Rabbit time distribution over optical fibre networks

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- Introduction to time transfer protocols NTP, PTP and White Rabbit
- The NPL*Time*[®] PTP service
- Testing White Rabbit over optical fibre links



PTP is a two-way time transfer protocol used to synchronize clocks throughout a computer network

- Can achieve accuracy in the sub-microsecond range
- Used to synchronise financial transactions and telecoms networks to a reference clock
- Can provide precise timing in GNSS denied environments

White Rabbit is an extension of PTP to achieve much higher performance

- Can achieve sub-ns accuracy
- Was developed at CERN to provide accurate time synchronisation for the particle detectors
- Originally intended to operate over 10km links, but sub-ns synchronisation has been demonstrated over 1000 km fibre links
- Used to synchronise financial transactions in Madrid (see poster from Seven Solutions) and Milan, and radio astronomy eg. SKA

Two-way time transfer over a network: NTP



- Network Time Protocol (NTP) is for clock synchronization between computer systems over packet-switched, variable-latency data networks
- Timestamps are generated in software; easy to implement and cost effective
- Either a client-server model, or peer-to-peer relationship where both peers consider the other to be a potential time source
- Errors of 100 ms or more can be caused by asymmetric routes or variable queueing time in network routers and switches
- NTP can synchronise computer clocks to within a few milliseconds (ms) of UTC ntp1.npl.co.uk and ntp2.npl.co.uk



Primary Reference clock

The blue numbers are the stratum numbers; yellow arrows show a direct reference connection, while red arrows show a network connection.



PTP





- Precision Time Protocol or the IEEE 1588-2008 v2 current Standard (Revised standard coming soon: IEEE 1588-2019 v2.1)
- Packet-based protocol for message exchange over the Internet
- Master-slave hierarchy for clock distribution
- Hardware timestamps are implemented by PTP hardware devices to remove the slow and unpredictable software response times
- PTP compatible switches and routers: transparent clocks or boundary clocks remove the queueing time
- Asymmetry can cause time offsets as network delays are assumed to be the same in both directions: Calibration is required
- Master-slave synchronisation to within 100ns, typical accuracy is $1\mu s$ to a UTC reference

White Rabbit



White Rabbit (WR) is an Ethernet-based network with low latency, deterministic packet delivery

- Synchronous Ethernet
- Digital phase measurements
- Precisely evaluates the master-slave delays from the round trip time

Measurement of the link asymmetry

- WR can be implemented over a single fibre in a bi-directional twowavelength configuration: asymmetry due to difference in wavelength propagation
- Dual fibre operation with a single wavelength: fibre asymmetry leads to a time offset

WR is an Open Source collaboration

• Resources can be found at

https://www.ohwr.org/projects/white-rabbit





Figure: https://www.ohwr.org/project/white-rabbit/uploads/cfc34350adcbf5156f968fac0b9301b5/ISPCS2011 WR.pdf

Introduction to the NPL*Time*[®] service



NPL*Time*[®] takes advantage of the UK national timescale UTC(NPL) to disseminate a time signal via fibre optic link to customers in the City of London and beyond

IEEE 1588 v2 (PTP) is used to provide end users with resilient and certified timing and synchronisation of systems to a high level of accuracy

Time signal is independent of GPS with caesium clock holdover in the City

The service is monitored by NPL and guaranteed to within $\pm 1\mu$ s of UTC(NPL)

Now being delivered as a fully commercial service to banks and stock exchanges in partnership with distributors:



Compliant with new EU regulations for the finance sector MiFID II RTS-25

EU Finance Sector regulation: MiFID II



EU legislation called Markets in Financial Instruments Directive, or MiFID II, came into effect on 3rd January 2018. It includes requirements on business clock synchronisation to UTC and timestamping granularity.

RTS-25: Clock Synchronization of Trade data

Operators of trading venues and their participants shall establish a system of traceability to UTC.

- Demonstrate traceability to UTC by documenting the system design, functioning and specifications
- Identify the exact point at which a timestamp is applied
- Traceability compliance reviews conducted at least once a year

Type of Trading	Granularity of Timestamp	Max. Divergence to UTC
Voice trading	1 s	± 1 s
All other trading	1 ms	± 1 ms
High frequency trading	1 µs	± 100 μs

The aim is to prevent trading irregularities and provide a consolidated audit trail

Current NPLTime[®] distribution over optical fibre









Fibre paths set up by distributor NexGen to facilities outside the UK for NPLTime service delivery

Standard duplex fibre pairs: configured as 10 Gb/s Ethernet waves (LAN PHY) using DWDM equipment

Transport technology is OTN (OTU2)

Equipment is either Ciena Long Haul or Transmode Metro

Results from PTP distribution over long-distance OTN links indicate no significant degradation in performance



PTP path delay and Cs clock comparisons





PTP stability over long-distance fibre links



MDEV 10⁻¹⁰ 10⁻⁸ Frankfurt ⊢⊢ Milan ⊢×⊣ Stockholm H Modified Allan Ceviation, Mod $\overset{}{\mathrm{o}}_{\gamma}(\tau)$ 10-11 $_{12}$ 10-12 $_{12}$ Time Deviation, $\sigma_{\!X}(\tau)\,/\,s$ 10⁻⁹ 10⁻¹⁰ Frankfurt ⊢-----Milan ⊢ × ⊣ Stockholm F 10-14 10-11 10¹ 10² 10³ 104 10⁵ 10⁶ 10² 10³ 10⁴ 105 10⁰ 10⁰ 10¹ 10⁶ Averaging Time, T / s Averaging Time, T / s

TDEV

Future Applications for NPLTime®

• Finance sector: Expansion of the service to customers at new locations, dependent on availability of suitable fibre links



Power grids:
Phasor Measurement Units,
Sync accuracy <1µs (error – 0.022deg (60Hz))
Disturbance monitoring <2ms to UTC
Fault location <1µs (300m uncertainty)

• Telecoms: 4G/LTE A (<150 Mbps) 1.5µs 5G (10-100 Gbps) 200ns



The Blackett Review: A Government Study of Critical Dependencies https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachmen t_data/file/676675/satellite-derived-time-and-position-blackettreview.pdf





WR over dual fibres NPL-Reading ITU ch33 and Reading-NPL ITU ch36

- Round Trip Times (RTT) monitored at each end
- Measured over 25 days, 5 ns /d
- Long term drift due to external environmental temperature decrease 14-10 deg C
- Short term oscillations due to lab temperature changes







WR over dual fibres NPL-Reading ITU ch33 and Reading-NPL ITU ch36

- Round Trip Times (RTT) monitored at each end
- Measured over 20 days, 5 ns /d
- Short term oscillations due to lab temperature changes





Results from Mar-Apr 2018



10²

10³

Averaging Time, T / s

104

10⁵

10⁶

WR stability over 79 km fibre link

10⁻¹⁶

10-17

10⁰

10¹



- Implement WR on the primary NPLTime® fibre to Telehouse North in London
- Further research on temperature effects compare with other studies

New European project WRITE: White Rabbit for Industrial Timing Enhancement http://empir.npl.co.uk/write/ Project started in June 2018, duration 3 yrs

WRITE project objectives:

- Scalability develop calibration techniques to measure asymmetry over telecoms fibre networks
- Resilience develop holdover capabilities and improved network monitoring
- Performance improve hardware and compatibility with existing protocols and standards
- Real field Demonstrate UTC(k) distribution to space and telecoms industries
- Impact Knowledge transfer and training; workshops and papers

















THALES







- Introduction to time transfer with NTP, PTP and WR
- An example of PTP for the finance sector is the NPL*Time*[®] service, which is expanding to new locations and targeting customers in other industries
- WR in operation over the same fibre links as PTP: potential for a more precise time NPL*Time*[®] service in future
- Ongoing research into WR for industry with European project WRITE



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CLONETS – CLock NETwork Services

Strategy and innovation for clock services over optical-fibre networks

Proposal ID: **731107** Topic: **INFRAINNOV-2016** Duration: **30 months** Start date: **1st January 2017** Web page: **http://www.clonets.eu**

